

# A Reliability Model for Distributed Adaptation

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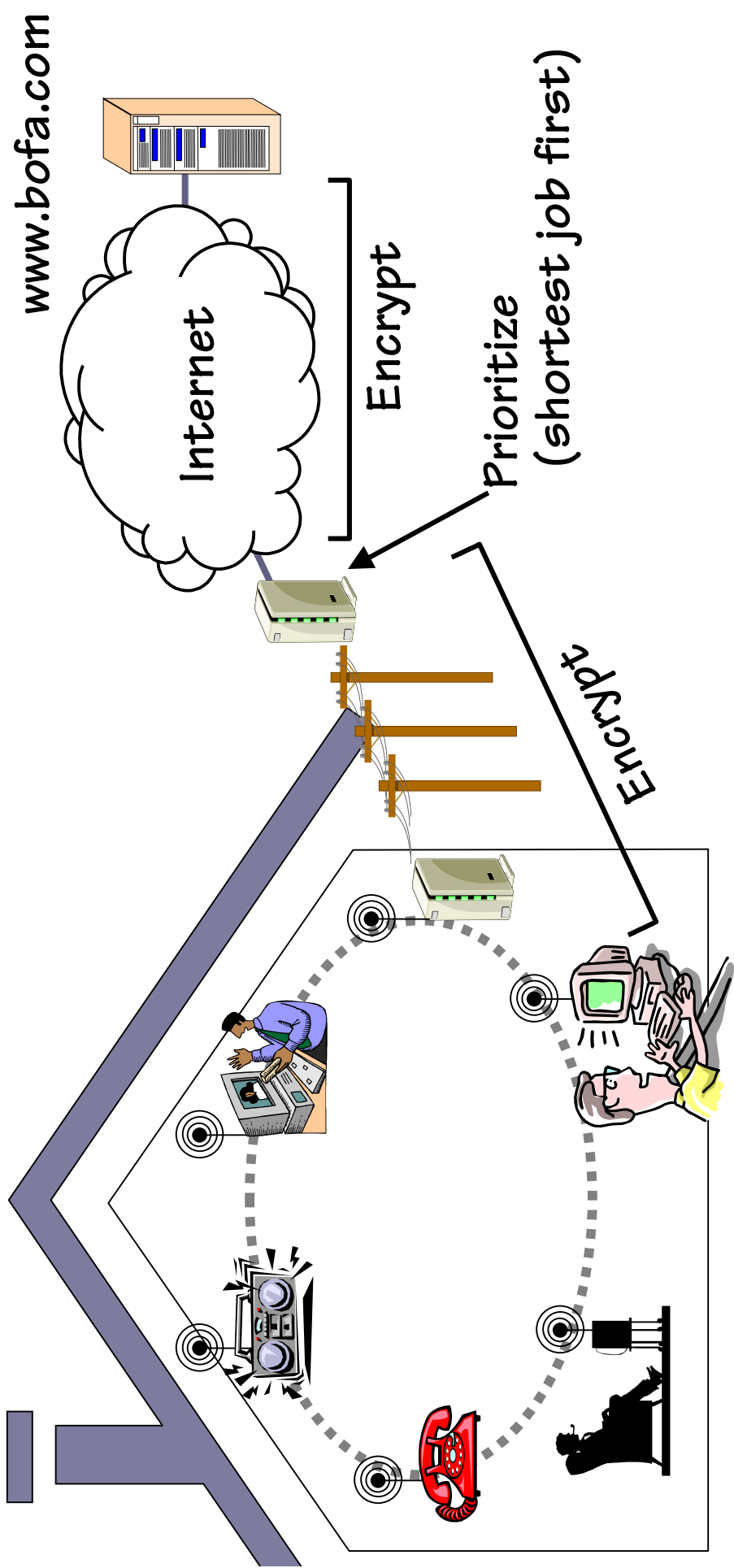
OpenARCH 2000

<http://fmg-www.cs.ucla.edu/Conductor>

# Introduction

- Open architectures allow graceful degradation of applications
- Adaptation requires a new model of reliability
  - Semantic Segmentation
- Prototype implementation in Conductor adaptation framework

# Motivation



# Motivation

- **Multi-point adaptation**
  - Multiple problems can require multiple solutions
  - Adaptation location is not always flexible
- **Protect end-to-end connection from failure**
- **Allow adaptations that alter data**

# Motivation

- Other approaches
  - Restrict the set of adaptations
    - Protocol Boosters, SNOOP
  - Assume reliability of adapting nodes
    - WTCP, MOWGLI
  - Provide a robust architecture
    - TACC

# Reliability Infrastructure

- Provide adaptation for applications that expect reliable delivery
  - TCP, exactly once delivery
- End-to-end connection built using multi-split-TCP
  - Reliability between points of adaptation
  - Leverage existing technology
  - Adaptation at each node independent of TCP
- Must still address split-TCP issues

# Outstanding Issues

- *Failure detection and recovery*
- *Reliability vs. Adaptation*

# Failure Detection and Recovery

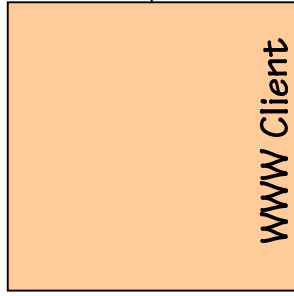
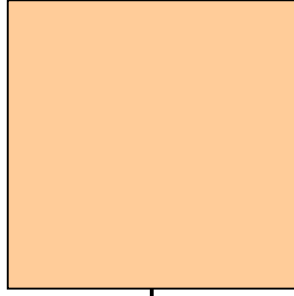
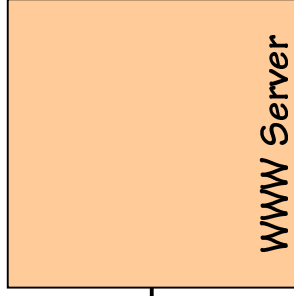
- Possible failures: adaptors, nodes, links
- Node and link failures detected as TCP connection failures
- Failure modes
  - Potential data loss
  - Partial adaptation of data
  - Lost adaptor state
  - Adaptor consistency



# Adaptation vs. Reliability

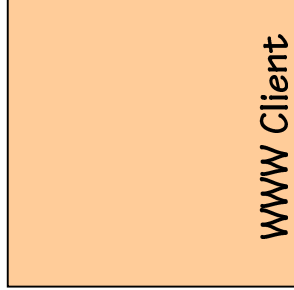
- Adaptation violates end-to-end reliability semantics
- End-to-end reliability typically assumes data immutability
  - Retransmission by byte or packet count
- Adaptation modifies data in transit
  - Need a new unit of retransmission

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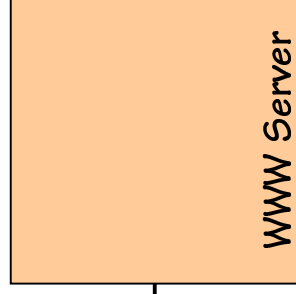
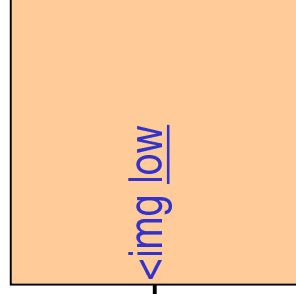
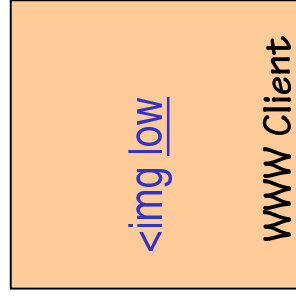
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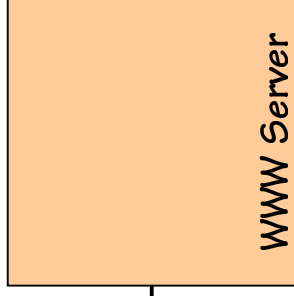
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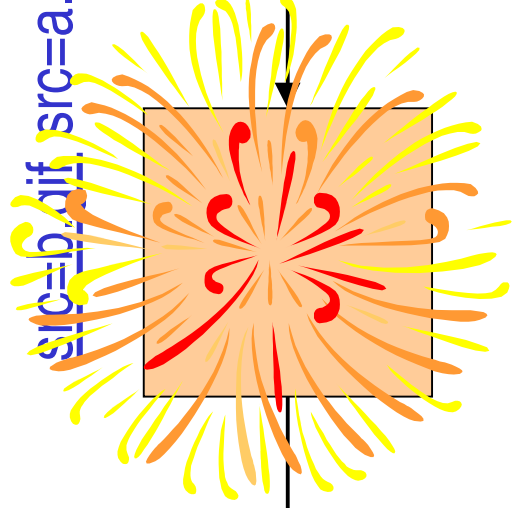
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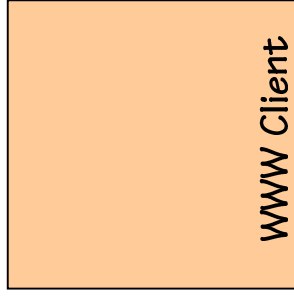
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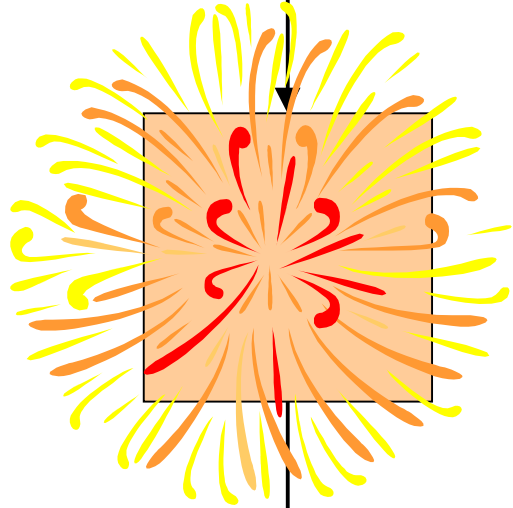
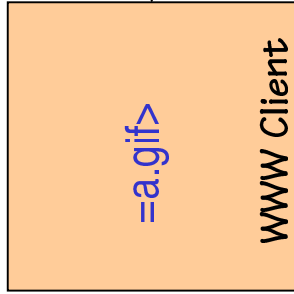


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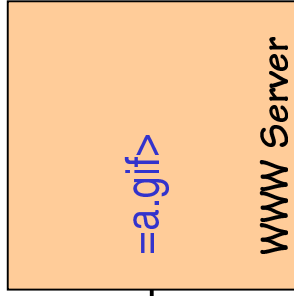


Retransmit  
at byte 9

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# Solution Components

- **Semantic Segmentation**
- **Adaptor consistency maintenance**

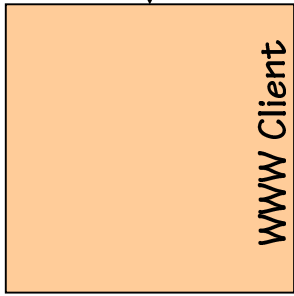
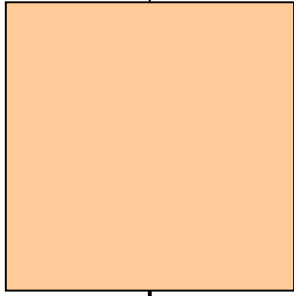
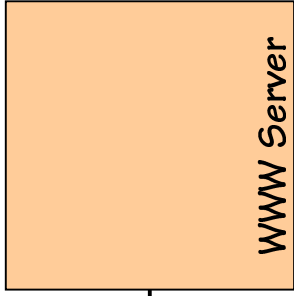
# Semantic Segmentation

- *Semantic Segmentation*: a semantically meaningful unit of retransmission
  - Divide stream into semantic units
    - Dynamically and automatically, by adaptors
  - Preserve semantic meaning of each segment end-to-end
    - Maintained by segment combination
  - Allows adaptors to express recovery constraints



Segment 10      Segment 25

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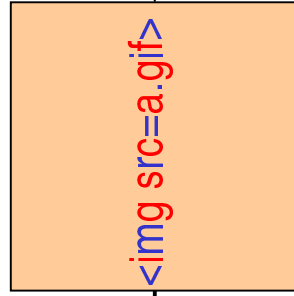
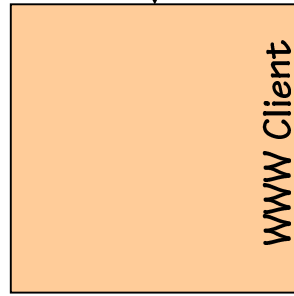
Segment 25

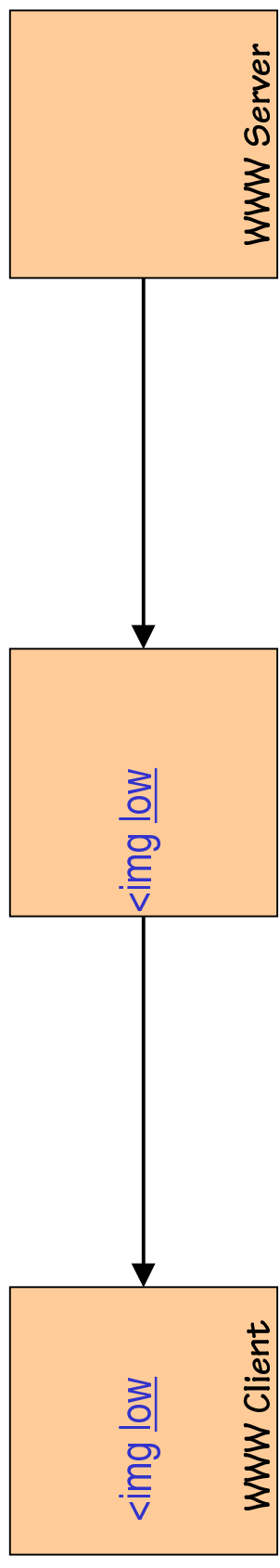
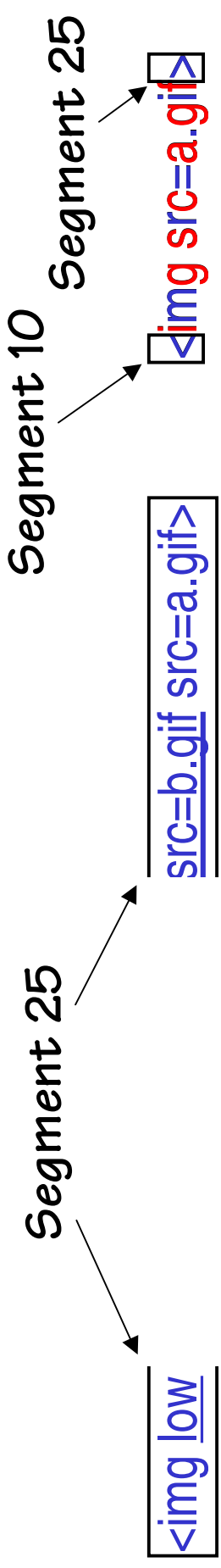
Segment 10

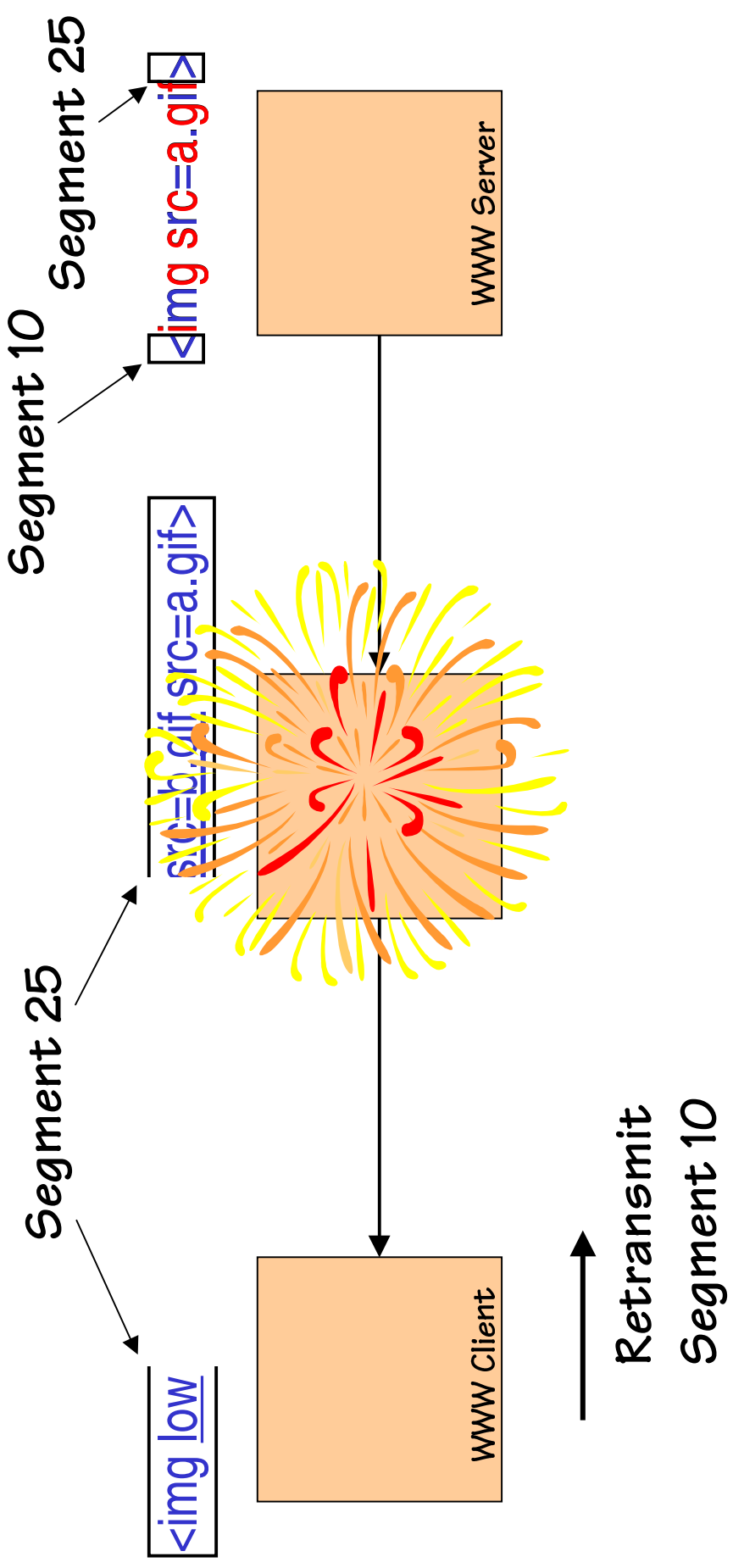
Segment 25

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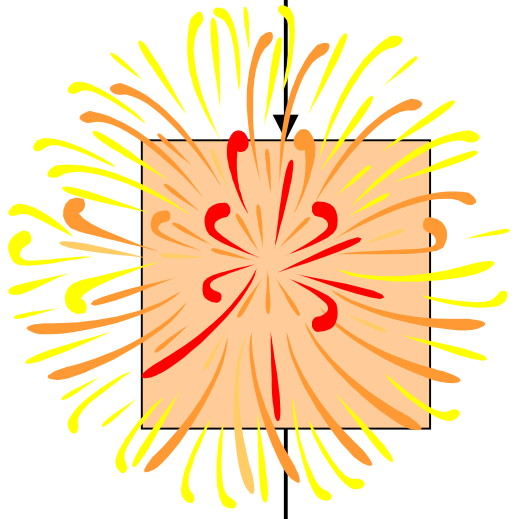




Segment 10      Segment 25

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<img src=a.gif>  
WWW Client



<img src=a.gif>  
WWW Server



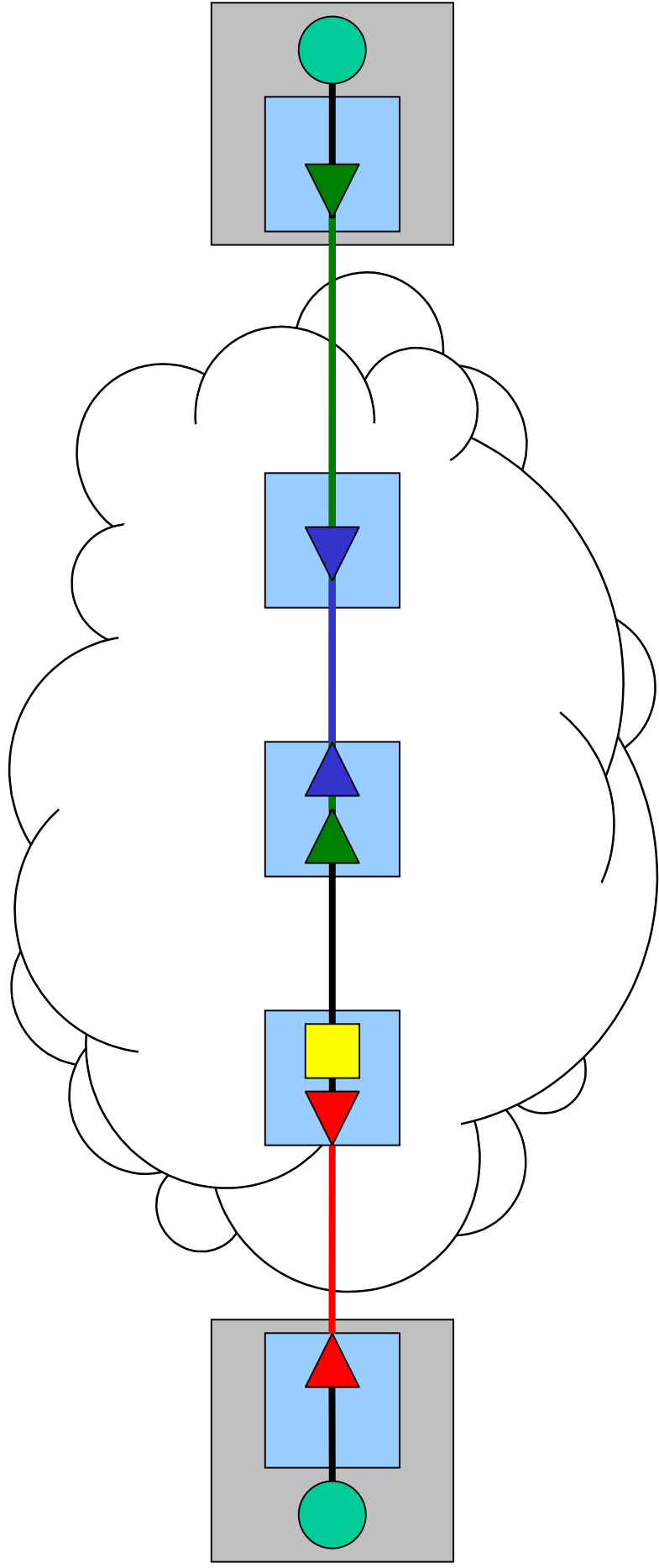
# Rules of Segmentation

- Start with one byte segments
- Constrain each stream modification to one segment
- Combine segments where necessary
  - Not reversible
  - New segment contains combined semantic meaning
- Final delivery of complete segments only

# Benefits of Segmentation

- **Service guarantees:**
  - **Transaction-like adaptation (all or nothing)**
  - **Exactly-once delivery of an acceptable form of each semantic element**
- **Other reliability models are possible**

# Adaptor Consistency





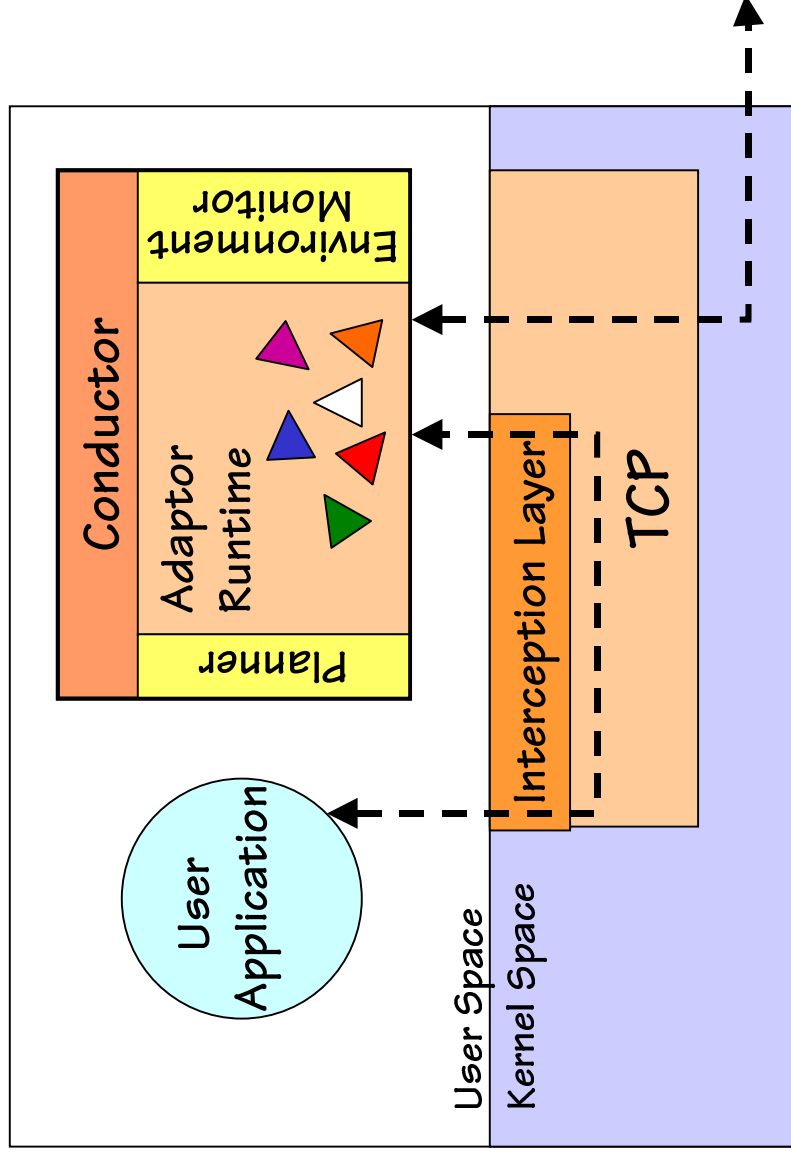
# Adaptor Consistency

- Adaptor state not saved across failure
  - Ex: decompression dictionary, decryption key
  - Replacement adaptors will be out of sync
- Recovery
  - Locate/remove partners of failed adaptors
  - Remove adaptors that depended on the presence of a failed partner
  - Optionally re-deploy failed and removed adaptors

# Conductor Design Goals

- **Application-level, connection-oriented protocol adaptation**
- **Support heterogeneous networks**
- **Application transparent**
- **Automatic, but user controllable**
- **Arbitrary adaptations**
- **Easy-to-deploy adaptations**
- **Reliable**

# A Conductor-Enabled Node



# Concluding Remarks

- Many open architectures allow distributed adaptation
- Adaptation need not and should not reduce the reliability of the system
  - Requires a new reliability model
- Conductor is a prototype of the proposed solution